# Data Set Information Sheet: An Efficient Deep Learning-based Spectrum Awareness Approach for Vehicular Communication

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Title of Dataset

An Efficient Deep Learning-based Spectrum Awareness Approach for Vehicular Communication

### Author Information

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### Date of data collection:

The data was collected in the month of September 2022.

### Geographic location of data collection:

Scotland 5G Centre, James Watt South Building, Glasgow, G12 8QQ, United Kingdom

### Information about funding sources that supported the collection of the data:

NA

## SHARING/ACCESS INFORMATION

### Licenses/restrictions placed on the data:

NA

### Links to other publicly accessible locations of the data:

NA

### Was data derived from another source?

No

Recommended citation for this dataset: Basit A. Zaidi, Mahmoud A. Shawky, Ahmad Taha, Qammer H. Abbasi, Muhammad Ali Imran, and Shuja Ansari, “An Efficient Deep Learning-based Spectrum Awareness Approach for Vehicular Communication”.

## DATA & FILE OVERVIEW

### Details of Data Folders and Files

The dataset was divided into 4 classes, that is, a total of 33000 data samples, each represents a particular constellation type (see Table 1). The main data folder is subdivided into 4 folders corresponding to the 4 classes (see Figures and Table 1).

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

*Figure 1 Data folder Structure*

Graphical user interface, text

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*Figure 2 Data folder Structure*

Graphical user interface

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Figure 3 Data folder Structure

Table Details of the Data Set (Folders, Files, Description, and Number of Samples)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Number of Folder | Folder Name | Class/File Name | Description | Number of Samples per Class |
| 1 | Different Channel Variation | Var=0.1 | The received constellation points for different modulations for different channel variance i.e., 0.1,0.3,0.6 | 9000 |
| Var=0.3 |
| Var=0.6 |
| 2 | Different SNRs | SNR=15 | The received constellation points for different modulations for different channel SNRs i.e., 15,20,25 | 9000 |
| SNR=20 |
| SNR=25 |
| 3 | Different Speed | Speed=10 | The received constellation points for different modulations for different channel Speed i.e., 10,20,30 | 9000 |
| Speed=20 |
| Speed=30 |
| 4 | Rural-Urban | Rural | The received constellation points for different modulations for Rural and Urban | 6000 |
| Urban |

**METHODOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Description of methods used for collection/generation of data:

The dataset represents spectrum monitoring and modulation classification techniques. For ultra-wideband spectrum monitoring, we use the start and stop frequencies to be 5.88 to 5.91 GHz, respectively. We use an OFDM communication system at fc = 5.9 GHz for the DSRC, with 256 subcarriers, 64 cyclic-prefix, and 125 subcarriers holding the transmitted data. Then, we use 2-PSK, 4-PSK, 8-PSK, 16-PSK, 8-QAM, and 16-QAM modulation and demodulation processes at the side of the transmitter and receiver, respectively. According to the modulation order, we acquired 150 training images with dimensions 273 × 328 pixels for each constellation type. Training samples for different constellations in the polar coordinates (in-phase and quadrature axes) are presented in Fig. 5. Based on the obtained data, the total training time was [74:13] minutes using Core-i7 CPU @ 2.7 GHz laptop with 16 GB RAM.

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Figure 4 Implementation Block Diagram

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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|  |  |

### Methods for processing the data:

Firstly, the USRP transmitter and receiver devices were configured to communicate together using the LabView to set parameters such as central frequency, number of Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) subcarriers, and power levels (see Table 2).

Table System Parameters

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Parameter** | **Value** |
| Central Frequency | 5.9 GHz |
| OFDM subcarriers | 256 |
| Transmitter Gain (dB) | 30 |
| Receiver Gain (dB) | 30 |

Diagram, scatter chart

Description automatically generated

Figure 5 Training samples of different constellations